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Cabinowitz denies knowing Yadin funds were 'unclean'

Finance Minister Yehoshua Katsenelson yesterday confirmed he had asked Asher Yadin to transfer the money for the Labour Party, but that he did not know the money had been raised illegally. Katsenelson said that at a meeting of the cabinet's Finance Committee last week, he had asked Yadin to transfer the money for the Labour Party, but that he did not know the money had been raised illegally. Katsenelson said that at a meeting of the cabinet's Finance Committee last week, he had asked Yadin to transfer the money for the Labour Party, but that he did not know the money had been raised illegally.

I see the full protocol ... and the documents referring to me. "The Party's Attorney, Ze'ev Treinin, told me he thought that as long as the court had not sentenced Asher Yadin... the issue is subject to judicial review. I am following Attorney Treinin's opinion and after Asher Yadin's sentence is published I shall face the public with no fear and give every needed explanation."

To move by Premier

By DAVID LANDAU, Post Diplomatic Reporter
Yisrael Hargman, chairman of the Knesset Finance Committee, was chosen to reply to the Opposition motions. Hargman's aides reacted angrily to attempts to link him personally to the Yadin revelations. "He (Rabin) is the cleanest of them all," one aide declared. While Rabin had worked in Yehoshua Katsenelson's Tel Aviv mayoralty campaign of 1973 (into which Yadin said he had poured funds), he had not drawn a salary from the party, a top aide said. Rabin had known nothing of the campaign's financing, the aide insisted.

Justice Minister Haim Zadok reminded the legislators that Yadin's statement was made after he "has confessed to and was found guilty of bribery..." (His statement was made) in the course of testimony which was designed to get the court to pass a light sentence. Zadok added. In an obvious reference to the mood in his party the Minister said: "We've got to bring back some measure of sanity."

S. officials see Peres strengthened

WASHINGTON — U.S. officials are concerned that the escalating political and military involvement in the Lebanon conflict could result in a victory for the Minister Peres over Prime Minister Rabin at the February 23 Party convention. American officials express concern that the turmoil might result in a new government more "hawkish" on foreign policy issues than the present Rabin government.

reported State Department officials as believing that Peres may "succeed in ousting Rabin" as party leader. If indeed Rabin is so weakened, the officials hold, Vance's stopover is not likely to generate many new ideas. American officials are aware of and sensitive to the fact that decisions taken in Washington can and often do have ramifications on the domestic popularity of the Jerusalem government.

Macabi beats Czechs 91:76

TEL AVIV — Tel Aviv Macabi last night notched an important victory in the round of the European Cup of Champions by defeating Zbrojovka of Czechoslovakia, 91:76. Israel held a 47:42 halftime lead. Macabi led most of the way, getting balanced scoring from Mickey Sadeh, with 26 points, and Arie Eliazar, with 19. Camil Brabam was top Czech with 24 points.

Don't forget that American Jews lived through Watergate. Bernstein told The Post, "We are not proud of the Yadin affair, but it's better that it was brought out into the open."

Engineers and academic workers 10,000 will strike at midnight

By ZE'EV SCHUL, Jerusalem Post Reporter
The Union of Academic Workers will determine last night if their national strike set for tonight. The union's executive committee, which is part of the new economic freeze package deal, more than they can the Barak committee, which investigated their salaries last summer. The committee recommended that graduate engineers be given a special competence pay. But this has been refused by their employers — chiefly public bodies — in subsequent wage negotiations.

Also on the strike list schedules: An unspecified number (estimate: 25,000-35,000) of non-graduate engineers and technicians who may, however, postpone their strike for another five days until Tuesday, February 22. Their reason is that they want to be linked to the engineers on the principle of equal pay for equal work, and as it was explained, "there is no point in striking before we know what they are going to get."

HALUHAH HAKAFUL IN ENGLISH

classified advertisement for Halukah Hakaful in English, and handed in so as to the head office of Halukah Hakaful by Wednesday, will be published in English and will appear on Friday in The Jerusalem Post, in addition to publication in Yiddish, Hebrew and Russian.

Amman to approve Israel Arabs' condolence visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter
Amman is expected to approve the brief visit to Jordan planned by a group of 20 Israeli Arabs who wish to pay their condolences to King Hussein on the loss of his queen last week in an air crash. This approval would be without precedent in Israel's history.

Vance opens ways-to-peace talks in Jerusalem today



U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance shakes hands with U.S. Consul-General Michael Newland, left, as Foreign Minister Yitzhak Rabin looks on, at the King David Hotel in Jerusalem last night. (Rahabim Tisraeli)

U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance today launches intensive consultations in Jerusalem with top Government leaders, on the first stop of his six-nation Middle East tour. Vance, who arrived at Ben-Gurion airport at 7 yesterday evening, said that the "enduring trust and confidence" between Israel and the U.S. is a "fundamental underlying principle" of the search for peace in the Middle East. He said that there was "no question" but that the U.S. is "deeply committed to the security and survival of Israel."

Syrians said to have left Nabatiya

Post-Mideast Affairs Editor
Syrian troops of the Arab League peace-keeping force were yesterday reported to have completed their "re-deployment" away from the southern Lebanese town of Nabatiya which Israel considers to be near a "Red Line" limit to non-Lebanese forces. The move was seen to be timed to coincide with the current visit of U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance whose office played a major role in defusing the Nabatiya dispute.

A well-placed official told The Jerusalem Post last night that Government leaders would not go beyond "existing old positions" in their talks with Vance. The Secretary himself was expected to canvass Jerusalem's opinion on three major issues — the concept of peace in the context of an over-all Middle East settlement, the extent of possible Israeli withdrawal from territories the Arabs lost in the 1967 war, and the Palestinian question. The official said that Jerusalem was not likely to be in the mainstream of the American Middle East approach, which is essentially based on Washington's agreement with Jerusalem that there will be no Israeli withdrawal to the pre-1967 frontiers, and that the question of the political future of the Palestinians should be solved in the context of a settlement between Israel and Jordan.

Landau claims U.S. angry on 'red line' warnings to Syria

By ASHER WALLFISH, Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter
A top Likud man in the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee left the impression in the House yesterday that the U.S. was angry at Israel's warnings to Syria over the past year, not to cross the "red line" in southern Lebanon, and urged Israel to desist from such admonitions lest they merely escalate tensions unnecessarily.

Israel complains about U.S. Suez oil statement

WASHINGTON — Israel has complained to the U.S. over the State Department's sharp rebuke of Israel's oil explorations in the Sinai and Gulf of Suez. Embassy Minister Hanan Bar-On, filling in for ambassador Simcha Dinitz, currently in Jerusalem for Secretary of State Cyrus Vance's visit, conveyed Israel's "astonishment" over the timing and content of the statement, released by Acting State Department spokesman Frederick Brown a few hours before Vance left Washington for Israel.

Won't harm U.S. fund-raising

Jerusalem Post Correspondent
NEW YORK — Asher Yadin's charges will have "no impact at all" on fund-raising or on the depth of American Jewish commitment to Israel, according to UJA executive vice-chairman Irving Bernstein.

Rabin invited

Prime Minister Rabin has been invited to visit Paris, government circles in Jerusalem reported last night. A date is now being considered. It is understood the French are interested in the visit as signifying a healing of the recent rift with Israel.

U.S. missile boats for Saudi Arabia

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Navy yesterday awarded Peterson Builders Inc. a \$78.3m. contract to build nine missile-firing patrol gunboats for Saudi Arabia. (AP)

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- In the Men's and Children's Depts.
- All Knits
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Landau claims U.S. angry on 'red line' warnings to Syria

By ASHER WALLFISH, Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter
All three top Ministers were guilty of concealing these facts. Landau maintained that the U.S. had assured the Syrians and the Lebanese that Israel would not use force to push the Syrians back, yet Israeli leaders tried to give their own people the opposite impression. Now the Syrians had been persuaded to make what was no more than a gesture to the U.S. by shifting their forces back a mere seven kms. from Nabatiya. They were, however, still 15 kms. on the wrong side of the "red line."

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- In the Men's and Children's Depts.
- All Knits
- In the Ladies Knits Dept.

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Spain relaxes press censorship after cracking guerrilla group

MADRID. — Following the smashing of Spain's most violent group of urban guerrillas, the government yesterday partly lifted the curbs on press freedom which it had imposed to maintain the secrecy of the investigations.

New violence, meanwhile, was reported from Las Palmas where a suspected member of the Canary Islands Independence Movement rolled a hand grenade under a police jeep. The blast damaged the vehicle, but the policemen escaped without injury and arrested the attacker.

The press curbs were cancelled after police made public a 28-page report on the cracking last week of the network of the "Anti-Fascist Resistance Group October 1" (Grapo). The left-wing guerrilla band had claimed responsibility for the kidnapping of two high-ranking officials, bombings and slayings.

In a news conference on Monday night, police said the number of arrested Grapo suspects now totalled 40, among them most of the group's alleged leaders and several women.

Police displayed seized weapons

including some the guerrillas had taken from slain policemen. They released new details of how they rescued the kidnapped officials and how guerrillas killed a total of eight policemen since 1970.

The government has aimed the terror campaign was aimed at halting Spain's democratization process.

National security director Mariano Nicolas Garcia described Grapo as the military arm of the reconstructed Communist Party of Spain (PCR), a Marxist splinter group. He said police were still hunting for five fugitive Grapo terrorists.

"The Grapo are wolves in the street, sheep in captivity," Garcia said in describing how the captured guerrillas were willingly talking about their organization and their background. Apparently no charges have been brought against those detained so far.

The curbs on the press were imposed a week ago in the form of a blackout on all news stories and comments relating to terrorist activity and the investigations. The press was only allowed to print official information.

The government lifted the censorship as far as Grapo was concerned, but maintained it in regard to the "Anti-Communist Apostolic Alliance of Spain" (AAA), an extremist right-wing group that has claimed responsibility for the slaying last month of five Communist lawyers and a student protester.

Police, so far, have not reported any arrests of AAA suspects.

Opposition spokesmen, meanwhile, expressed satisfaction with the outcome of new negotiations on Monday between Premier Adolfo Suarez and a delegation of centre and left-wing politicians.

The talks are aimed at setting the ground rules for Spain's first free elections in 41 years late in spring. Opposition sources said there was apparently agreement on all major points, and further talks on this subject would probably not be necessary.

The opposition also wants to discuss with Suarez other political questions such as the release of Spain's remaining 171 political prisoners and the minorities problems. (UPI)

British Foreign Secretary Crosland dangerously ill

LONDON. — The serious illness of Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary Anthony Crosland yesterday presented British Prime Minister James Callaghan with the unexpected prospect of making early changes to his cabinet.

Crosland, 58, an apparently robust man until now, was reported on Monday night to be dangerously ill in Oxford's Radcliffe Infirmary following a stroke last Sunday. His American-born wife Susan was keeping a bedside vigil.

There are doubts that the minister, who is the current President of the European Common Market's Council of Ministers, will ever be well enough to return to his arduous post at the Foreign Office.

Callaghan had planned to make a cabinet reshuffle around July, and Crosland was widely tipped to exchange jobs with Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey. This would have allowed Healey to complete the annual budget and for Crosland to carry out his Common Market and other duties. Britain's six-month presidency of the European Economic Community (EEC) ends in June.

This is an exceptionally busy time for the Foreign Office with a Commonwealth heads of state conference to be held in London in June, the deadlocked Rhodesian constitutional dispute and worries about Britain's fishing rights around its shores.

It means that Callaghan cannot long delay the appointment of a successor. Crosland was to have accompanied him on the scheduled visit to Washington in mid-March for talks with President Jimmy Carter. If Healey cannot take over shortly,



then Home Secretary (Interior Minister) Merlyn Rees is considered by some political observers here as the next likely choice, even if only as a caretaker foreign secretary. Like Crosland, Rees is a moderate in the ruling Labour Party and he is a close adviser of the prime minister.

Crosland's deputy, David Owen, 38, is temporarily filling the position. (Reuters)

Female bandits

ESSEN, West Germany. — Three armed women held up a bank on Tuesday and escaped with 250,000 marks (almost \$14m.).

In West Berlin on Monday two women and a man held up a bank and got away with 120,000 marks. Police said they believed the two women in West Berlin were convicted urban guerrillas who escaped from prison last July. (UPI)

UK supports Lisbon's bid to join EEC

LONDON. — Prime Minister James Callaghan has pledged Britain's support for Portugal's bid to become a member of the European Common Market.

Callaghan declared at a dinner honouring Portuguese Prime Minister Mario Soares on Monday night: "You will have the full support of the British Government in your endeavours and we look forward to the time when Portugal will be able to take her full place in the community of Europe."

But a spokesman for Callaghan said he and Soares had agreed there are "many practical difficulties" and that Portugal's acceptance as a full EEC member will take time.

Soares flew into London on Monday on the first leg of a European tour to muster support for Portugal's efforts to join the Common Market. He will visit all nine EEC member nations.

Soares, who heads a minority socialist government, stressed before leaving Lisbon: "We are a European nation and we need the moral boost Common Market membership will give us."

The Common Market Foreign Ministers who met in Brussels on February 8 gave only a heavily qualified welcome to Portugal's application.

They agreed that all of them should tell Soares that, while they welcomed Portugal's political commitment to Europe, solutions first must be found for its economic, social, financial and agricultural problems. (AP, UPI)

U.S. arms cost goes up sharply

WASHINGTON. — The total cost of major new U.S. weapons has registered its highest jump in more than six years, the Defense Department reported yesterday.

The net rise of nearly \$18.3b. between late September and late December was caused mostly by increases in numbers of weapons, such as F-16 fighter planes, Trident missile-firing submarines and patrol frigates, the Defense Department said.

This brought the total price tag for 45 major weapons systems under development or in production to a record \$197.6b. Many of the costs will be spread over as much as 10 years.

The late September through late December increase in cost was the biggest since June 1970 when the Pentagon reported a \$20b. rise for 36 different weapons systems.

The cost boost in the last quarter would have been higher except that a number of major programmes showed decreases, including a \$2b. cutback by cancellation of plans to build an additional giant nuclear-powered aircraft carrier.

Some of the plans to increase the number of weapons under certain major programmes are tentative and subject to annual review by defence budget officials and Congress, so the numbers could go up or down in the years ahead. (AP)

S.A. black detainee falls to his death

JOHANNESBURG. — A black detainee fell 10 floors to his death yesterday from a security police office at police headquarters in downtown Johannesburg.

Police said Matthew Mabilane, the 19th black to die in police custody in less than a year, was apparently trying to escape during questioning. Mabilane was being held under the "Terrorism Act" which allows detention without trial or access to lawyers and family.

A police spokesman said Mabilane opened a window and climbed through before anyone could stop him.

The free movement of blacks in South Africa would be further restricted under legislation proposed by the South African Parliament yesterday. Fines for violating South Africa's pass laws, which rigidly control the movement of blacks, would be doubled. The new fine would stand at 100 Rands (R14,150) or three months' imprisonment or both for violations.

Under the pass laws, blacks must carry pass books similar to passports at all times. The pass laws are used to control the influx of blacks from rural to urban areas and movement between urban areas. There are no similar restrictions on the movement of whites in the country. (AP)



Prince Louis Ferdinand, left, grandson of German Kaiser Wilhelm II, and Heinz Gallinski, chairman of the West Berlin Jewish community, inspect a ceramic plaque set in the wall of a new commu-

ty centre. The plaque was donated by the Kala in 1912 for the old community hall. It was found rubble after World War II.

(AP radioph)

Gaddafi opponent loses citizenship

CAIRO. — Libya's ruling Revolution Command Council has stripped dissenting member Maj. Omar el-Mehelshi of his nationality, the Middle East News Agency said yesterday in a dispatch from Tripoli.

El-Mehelshi has been living in Cairo since he was granted political asylum a year ago after breaking with Libyan leader Col. Mu'ammer Gaddafi and fleeing the country.

Libyan authorities accused el-Mehelshi of involvement in an abortive attempt to overthrow Gaddafi in the summer of 1975. He first fled to Tunisia and then came to Cairo.

Gaddafi has said that one of his conditions for a reconciliation with Egypt would be the extradition of el-Mehelshi, something Egyptian officials said Cairo would never do.

Egypt and Libya have been locked in a political feud since the 1973 Middle East war. Gaddafi has consistently attacked Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's policy of seeking a peace settlement with Israel. (UPI)

Eight-time killer arrested in Rome

ROME. — Police arrested the trigger-happy boss of a kidnap gang yesterday in an operation which Interior Minister Francesco Cossiga said may prove links between common criminals and fascist terrorists.

Renato Vallanzasca, one of Italy's most wanted criminals, surrendered to an army of 70 policemen with bullet proof vests after a 30-minute siege in a suburban apartment.

Police said the red-haired Vallanzasca, 28, charged with eight murders, including those of five policemen, did not fire a single shot during the siege. (UPI)

Rotterdam port half idle; Dutch strike in ninth day

THE HAGUE. — Dutch labour unions yesterday ordered more men off the job pending the outcome of stalled wage bargaining talks in industrial branches and individual companies.

Some 350 workers at two transhipment firms in Rotterdam walked off the job, as did some 600 workers at building sites around the country. Unions have estimated that up to 28,000 workers are idled in Holland's biggest strike wave since World War II. Management estimates say about 14,000 are on strike.

There was no certainty as to when the negotiations would reopen because of a difference of opinion between employers and workers' organizations as to when the strikes, now in their ninth day, should be called off.

A Rotterdam port employer said the strike wave reduced the port — the world's largest — to half its normal capacity. Printers' strikes kept 1.3m. readers without their daily newspapers.

Meanwhile, West German doctors and dentists staged a second 24-hour regional strike yesterday to protest a government plan to cut soaring costs in the health insurance programme. About 600 placed on their doors yellow placards reading, "protest action — government plans endanger health system — practice closed."

The strike took place in the cities of Oldenburg and Delmenhorst in the state of Lower Saxony, and four counties in the state. Last Friday a similar strike was held in Hanover, the state capital.

Doctors and dentists in other parts of West Germany threatened similar action if the government carries out its plan to cut costs in the nation's DM70b. (L280b.) health programme.

Herbert Ehrenberg, West German

Waldheim: Nuclear test ban closer now

GENEVA. — UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim told the Geneva Disarmament Conference yesterday that prospects appear to have improved for banning chemical weapons and underground nuclear tests — major unattained objectives of the 30-nation organization.

There seems to be greater readiness by the two nuclear superpowers, the U.S. and the Soviet Union, to reach a test ban agreement and fresh approaches made the outlook more encouraging for outlawing the most lethal chemical arms, he said.

A UN official read Waldheim's message at the opening of the 1977 session of the conference, which brings together Western, Communist and neutral nations under the co-chairmanship of the Soviet Union and the U.S.

Waldheim said the Russians and the Americans recently indicated they were willing to overcome a deadlock of the issue of on-site inspections of suspected underground upheavals detected by seismic equipment which for years has blocked agreement on banning underground nuclear tests.

An accord signed by the superpowers in 1963 outlawed nuclear blasts in the atmosphere, outer space and under water. But attempts to extend the ban to underground explosions have foundered on Soviet-American differences on how to guard against cheating.

The U.S. has insisted on a number

of international inspections at suspect disturbances. But the Soviet Union has refused, saying that range seismographs and "national means of detection" are adequate to distinguish small from natural earth tremors.

Although Waldheim made specific references to them, he believed to include recent statements by President Carter that he was ready to reach agreement soon with Soviet Union to ban all nuclear weapons tests, possibly for an test-period of three or four years.

On prospects for negotiating chemical weapons ban, Waldheim said, "I sincerely hope that actual progress can be made at the session toward banning the most of these weapons." Waldheim amplified, but he was thought referring to private talks by the U.S. and the Soviet Union the end of last year's session conference on a possible joint effort for a chemical weapons ban.

Waldheim also warned of the ing threat of nuclear-weapon technology spreading to more tries. He said the UN General Assembly "has stressed the cy" of international efforts to prevent the further spread of nuclear weapons, "while at the same recognizing the right of all nuclear-weapon states "to full to the benefits of nuclear energy."

Hitler devotee kills self to end siege of warehouse

NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y. — A hulking, body-building enthusiast, who was steeped in Adolf Hitler's Nazi philosophy, shot himself to death on Monday night after killing five men in a moving company warehouse.

Fred Cowan, 34, a suspended employee of the warehouse, killed himself as law enforcement agents were working their way across the warehouse second floor to where he was holed up. He had held police at bay more than 10 hours.

Cowan was suspended from his job about two weeks ago for an undisclosed reason, and a spokesman said he was due to report back to work Monday morning. Instead he came in firing.

Cowan's family was called to the warehouse in a vain attempt to convince him to surrender. His mother was overheard to tell a friend, "Pray for Freddie. He's gone crazy."

Police were told by people who knew him that he was a loner and a devotee of Hitler.

"Even in the earlier days when we went to school he kept to himself," said Sal Caruso.

"But one thing about him everyone knows," Caruso said. "He's real prejudiced against Jews and Negroes — I mean Blacks."

Caruso and Cowan collected

Third Reich medals and souvenirs.

Police were shown a building magazine which tained a caption which readers to "meet Fred Cowan New Rochelle. He's two tall and weighs about 100 lb."

The caption stopped them the picture showed a balding with a grim smile on his face and tattoos — swastikas, a cross, a death's head and a rippling on his powerful, body.

The picture of Cowan appeared in the magazine's readers section that Cowan proudly ed neighbourhood kids who to watch him lift weights basement of the house he with his parents and a bro friends to beware of Jews Blacks, police were told. AP

Soccer barricades

MADRID. — Faced with a

slating wave of spectator vandals the Spanish Football Associati on Tuesday ordered all clubs to ring their fields fences or ditches.

The newspaper, "ABC," at same time, published an call saying recent football was politically inspired.

Classified advertisements for publication on Friday in Hebrew and English can be handed in any day to any approved advertising agency or directly to an office of Haluah Hakaful, so as to reach the main office of Haluah Hakaful by this evening.

All advertisements so handed in will be translated into English and will appear on Friday in the Jerusalem Post, in addition to publication in Yediot Aharonot and Haaretz!

THE MIGHTY COMBINATION

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AVIV STOCKS Bonds bounce back

AVIV.—The index-linked bond bounced back yesterday in short to recoup the sharp losses after the government's announcement of a "wage-price" freeze. The share market was higher. Only the Nativ investment fund came under selling pressure and retreated eight agorot after an offer of over 400,000. The index-linked bonds had fallen to levels to attract new capital. The gains, if not severe broad and confident to a return of interest to this part of the market.

group of shares which rose strongly on Monday, remained unchanged yesterday. Ata C shares were four higher at 187. Dubek closed at 500 for a 19-point gain.

American-Israeli Paper Mills were a standstill as the shares jumped by 12 to 240. The company announced higher earnings for the past quarter. Earnings were 15 ahead at 578. Frutaron was six ahead at 175.

Investment companies continued to trade in a mixed pattern. Paz gained 12 to 487, but Wolfson lost three to 152. The investment companies of Discount and Hapoalim lost a point, while Letumi remained unchanged. Pityon lost 22 to 485.

The Jordan Exploration shares, after a one-day suspension of trading, were established as "sellers only" and its prices were marked down.

Most active issues Bank Leumi 297+1.0 IL185,500 Hapoalim 290+1.0 IL121,500 L.D.B. (prev. opt.) 148+0.5 IL190,500

Factories have a hard time collecting A recent survey by the renowned Dun & Bradstreet credit rating firm shows that Israeli manufacturers are having a tough time collecting from their customers.

Manufacturers in the three main cities rate a steady L for their collections during December. Dun & Bradstreet uses the letter P for "more prompt" payers, E for "even" payers and L for those who are "less prompt."

In a monthly survey of 40 major European business centres which includes Israel as the only Mid-East country — Israeli manufacturers have the poorest collection record. Wholesalers here, by contrast, do much better and earn a steady E (for "even") in the survey. The record for retailers is a mixture of E's and L's.

Germany maintains a strong position on payments, especially in the manufacturing sector, where it has mostly E's ("prompt") and E's ("even"). The same goes for Portugal and Holland.

Contractors are free to change architect's plans A contractor has the right to change the plans submitted by an architect if he sees fit and no prior contract forbids it, according to an unpublished ruling given yesterday by the Jerusalem District Court.

The Jewish Quarter Reconstruction Company did not like the design and told its own architects to change it. When the architect saw his plans were changed he applied for a court order to stop the building at the site, claiming breach of contract. Mendel obtained a court order to stop the building and filed a suit against the company.

Mendel's suit against the company came before District Court judge Yehoshua Zeller who said yesterday the company was entitled to do what it wanted with the architect's plans. He said that the reconstruction of the Jewish quarter — "an architectural project of national importance" — is the responsibility of the company.

Quoting precedents from English and South African courts, the judge also said the contractor is obliged to follow the architect's plans only when his contract specifies this explicitly. (Itm)

New youth hostel on Kinneret shore TIBERIAS. — A modern youth hostel is to be built at Tabgha on the shores of Lake Kinneret, partly with the funds from the German Benedictine Church. The church has asked for the return of the old farm buildings and half-dunam plot on the site, which used to be owned by the Templar Order and was converted into a youth hostel 20 years ago.

The church has agreed to pay the Jordan Valley Council compensation for the betterment of the buildings, if they are returned, and the money is to serve as a starting fund for a new hostel. The Lands Authority is to provide a nearby site and the Ministry of Tourism and Education would also help fund the hostel.

DR. YA'ACOV BACH, joint managing director of the General Mortgage Bank, a subsidiary of Bank Leumi, has retired after 18 years. Moshe Cohen, a veteran employee of the bank, who for the last two years served as joint managing director with Bach, has now been appointed general manager of the bank and joins its board of directors.



A \$2m. contract for the distribution in the European market of 1,500 computer read-out terminals made by Elbit was signed in Tel Aviv this week.

Elbit deputy-manager Haim Solomon is shown signing the document while Benjamin Gaon, director-general of the Koor Foreign Trade Co. which will do the selling, looks on.

The main market will be West Germany, followed by the Benelux countries, Austria, Spain and Greece.

A model of the terminal is on the table. (A.B.G.)

Taxes cut sales of imported cigarettes

By ARYE ALCALAY, Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

A cigarette, people are wont to say, is a bit of tobacco rolled into a tax bill. This definition becomes less funny when we consider that Israeli smokers 5.5b. cigarettes in 1977. Ten per cent of these were imported.

The year 1978 was a good year for tobacco importers. They doubled their sales over 1976. But 1977 is not so good any more, because in January the Treasury raised the tax on imported cigarettes, thus making them much more expensive than domestic ones.

Until this year, the tax on each cigarette was 15 agorot plus 35 per cent of the import value. Last month this was raised to 22 agorot (or IL4.40 per pack of 20) plus 35 per cent. The price difference between imported and domestic cigarettes in the IL3.30 category came to 110 per cent. As a result, sales dropped to 30 per cent of the 1976 level.

Officially, the tax increase was explained as an adjustment of customs duties to the devaluation of the lira. On these grounds, it was argued, the increase does not contradict the agreement with the Common Market.

Oded Eliahar, who represents the largest cigarette importer in Israel, has demanded that the government impose the same tax on the import component of locally produced cigarettes. "The gap between imported and domestic cigarettes created by last month's tax increase on imported cigarettes discriminates against us," he said yesterday. In his view, it also contradicts agreement with the Common Market. "Let the customs officials show us on which clause in the agreement they base their decision to raise the tax," Eliahar challenged. "For the change in the value of the lira is already accounted for by the ad valorem duty of 35 per cent."

Eliahar believes that the tax raises six weeks ago on imported cigarettes was the result of pressure by the local manufacturers. The price increase three days ago of local cigarettes restores the balance to some extent. Some observers in Jerusalem are sceptical of the official explanation that the increase was due to rises in production costs. These would, in any case, not have justified a parallel rise in the excise duties, they say.

As reported on Monday, the Ministry of Agriculture spokesman declared that the price increase had nothing to do with the price hike for locally grown tobacco, since Israeli manufacturers use only about 10 per cent local products in the tobacco they process.

The cigarette importers, however, are still not satisfied, even though the gap in relative prices has been narrowed. They insist that either the duties paid on domestic cigarettes be raised further, or that the customs duties on imported cigarettes be reduced.

The Customs Administration, it was learned yesterday, is considering a modification of the tax structure on imported cigarettes, but it will take them several months to carry this out. What they consider is an increase in purchase taxes and a reduction of customs duties.

In the meantime, 70 per cent of the price of a cigarette will be inhaled by the government.

Kibbutzim make money from hobbies

By YITZHAK OKED, Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Federation of Kibbutz Movements has decided to go into arts and crafts in a big way and turn it into a profitable business. Dov Rozin, the manager of Hen Kibbutzim, the marketing body of this industry, told a press conference here Monday.

He said that what started out as personal hobbies of kibbutz members is now being turned into a business venture which might make money from exports. Rozin said his organization already has agreements with more than 140 stores, including some in high-class hotels, to sell their goods which include handprinting, jewellery, paintings, sculpture, glassware, ceramics and semi-precious jewellery.

Some of the goods come from kibbutz members who work at their hobbies, receiving time off from work to make artefacts for sale. Other kibbutz members work full time in their crafts. There are some kibbutzim that have formed small plants to cope with the demand.

Rozin said his organization sells kibbutz-made art and crafts at about 15 to 20 per cent below the current market prices. He explained this saying that Hen Kibbutzim takes only about 33 per cent commission for selling the goods — the lowest commission going in this trade.

Rozin declared that the kibbutz artists have not forgotten their pioneering mission and are planning to hold exhibitions of their works not only in Tel Aviv galleries, but also in development towns.

Rozin said he hopes to start mass exports in the near future through some kibbutzim have already started exporting their goods privately. Hen Kibbutzim hopes to reach a turnover of IL8m. this year.

Do-it-Yourself financial analysis

RAMAT GAN. — A local firm, Consulting and Data Analysis Institute Ltd., has developed a "do it yourself" computerized financial planning system.

According to the firm, any company can fill in one of the system's specified forms, run it through a computer and produce an economic and financial forecast. All that is needed to operate this service is a three-day course given at the institute's office in Ramat Gan.

Marine training

Two new maritime-training centres have been opened, at Jaffa and at Beit Yerah on Lake Kinneret, the Education and Culture Ministry announced. These are in addition to the long-existing centres at Eilat, Ashdod, Michmoret, Haifa and Acre.

Eight thousand children from 7th to 10th grade attend courses at these centres, in addition to students at teachers' seminars. The aim is to encourage the children to go on to the naval schools on the secondary-school level and choose a maritime career.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1977 • VOL. XLVII, No. 13940

A time for courage

THE BOMBHELL dropped by Asher Yadin in a Tel Aviv courtroom on Monday has produced more than a one-time explosion. The fragments are still flying through the air, and the harsh noise is growing ever more deafening.

The legal echoes of the case alone will continue to reverberate even after sentence is pronounced next week. At that time, in fact, Attorney-General Aharon Barak promises to take up the interrogation of Mr. Yadin again. This is necessary because there are several matters involving illicit transfer of funds which were not included in the original—let alone in the revised—charge sheet.

Mr. Yadin's statement in court implicated a number of top Labour Party leaders who, he claimed, both prompted and received millions of pounds on behalf of the party for its use. The Attorney-General will presumably be duty bound to probe the veracity of these allegations.

Yet there seems to be widespread agreement, even among confirmed foes of Labour, that the strictly judicial approach simply will not do in the circumstances. For the Yadin disclosures appear to strike at the very foundations of the country's democratic system. Unless they are probed in depth by means which are not available to the ordinary court of law, they may lead to universal disenchantment with our party system and institutions.

The suggestion has therefore been made that the Prime Minister should, without undue prodding, and at the earliest moment, set up a commission of inquiry to deal with the matter.

This would indeed have been a most natural proposal only a few years ago. But the recent record of commissions of inquiry has not been especially encouraging. The recommendations of such commissions have been readily accepted—and then, too, not always acted upon—when they were obvious enough. When they turned out to be controversial—as in the case of the Agranat Commission—the result was greater division rather than a new popular consensus.

But the main argument against another such inquiry is that the issue is, fundamentally, political and must be dealt with by political means—which may, of course, encompass new legislation.

Because Mr. Yadin has directly hurt his own party and right on the eve of national elections, the party will have to take immediately corrective measures. The party leaders named at the trial, among them the Minister of Finance and the Minister of Education and Culture, will be fair game for the Opposition; and it would be folly for Mr. Rabin to duck the political issues merely because, legally speaking, the Ministers implicated by Yadin are still innocent. His failure to act will only damn the entire party in the eyes of the public.

The Opposition, for its part, may however fall into a trap of its own making if it plays the role of critic too sanctimoniously. For the method of financing party activities from affiliated economic institutions has a very long tradition in Israel. There is hardly a party in the country, big or small, across the entire political spectrum, which has not regularly practised this method of financing, according to its means.

That is precisely what the recent party financing legislation has attempted to prevent by furnishing the parties with state funds for their activities, particularly for electioneering purposes. By way of compensation, strict limits were placed on the amount of moneys which parties were allowed to collect from outside sources.

On Mr. Yadin's evidence, the legislation has been honoured more in the breach than in the observance—by the Labour Party, but most likely by all others as well. This may be due to the fact that the State Comptroller, who is supposed to oversee the disbursement of funds, lacks sufficient authority to discover violations and to enforce compliance. The penalties for violation, too, are ludicrously inadequate.

Clearly the situation calls for radical reform. Mr. Rabin himself might be well advised to join a forthright admission of past errors with a plan for such reform. This would perhaps not save Labour from electoral penalties on election day, but it could help cut its losses; in addition it would serve the country well.

ISRAEL PRESS

'Party's filthy stables'

MA'ARIV (Independent) calls on men of good will in all camps "to arise and cleanse the party stables of the filth of their corruptions, large and small. The call is directed first and foremost to the Labour Party. The sight of key figures in that party vying among themselves on Monday in having heard nothing, seen nothing and known nothing was totally disgusting. The party should undertake to clean its own house, even before the police, the State Comptroller and perhaps a commission of inquiry step in. In doing so, it will set an example for several other parties, whose account books are similarly smeared with filth. The social rot that has taken hold of the country can and must be eliminated, even at the price of pain and disgrace in our own eyes and the eyes of others."

YEDIOT AHARONOT (Independent) says "there are grounds to suspect that something may be rotten in the regime. If this should prove to be the case, it must be blamed on our having had no real change of regime since the Balfour Declaration. Revolutions have broken out for less,

and if all we have had to date is 'unrest,' we must be a nation of angels."

HA'ARETZ (Independent) calls for an impartial commission of inquiry as provided by law in such cases. Only in this way will it be possible to know whether Yadin's accusations are merely the desperate cries of a man falling over a precipice or the rumblings of a full-scale earthquake.

DAVAR (Histadrut) reminds its readers that it was the Government which made possible the investigation against Yadin in the first place, both by its non-intervention in the investigation and by the fact that the investigating and prosecuting authorities had its full backing. No one can argue that there was even the slightest attempt at a cover-up or at protecting people in high places.

The paper goes on to note that before the enactment of the party financing law, all the parties received funds from dubious sources. This, however, does not absolve the authorities from ascertaining whether moneys were transferred to the Labour Party by illegal means. Just as there was no attempt at a cover-up in the Yadin affair, so will there be no cover-up in any other affair.

While the latest pressing political problems are obviously uppermost in the mind of Prime Minister YITZHAK RABIN, the country's economic woes are no less pressing.

Seeking a new order

I AM ADDRESSING you tonight not in order to ask for your political support, but as one who, for the time being and until you decide otherwise, holds the ultimate responsibility for the nation's affairs.

Tonight, I wish to abstain from the usual practice of patting our own backs for our achievements. I believe that we can take credit for many things—but of these I have talked to you in the past. Tonight, I rather wish to talk about our difficulties. I believe that only by frankly admitting our errors and problems, I can hope for your understanding and for your participation in the efforts that must be made to overcome our difficulties.

As you know, the Government has, together with the Histadrut, decided to freeze wages and prices until the end of June. For many, this will involve hardship. For all, including the Government itself, it means uncertainty. We do not claim that this freeze is a solution to our problem. But we believe that it is indispensable as a temporary measure so that we may gain a brief respite, so that our economy can be put in motion again.

Some of you may say that what needs to be done now might have been unnecessary had we acted differently in the past. That may be so, and you may decide to say so through the ballot box in three months time. However, given the situation as it is now—even if the Government is itself responsible for much of it—we must take the steps we have decided upon. I believe that any Government would have to do the same.

LET ME GO BACK to what our situation is. We have had galloping inflation for three years. Our growth has stopped. The standard of living has not risen, and some of it has even fallen significantly. All this has happened after the Yom Kippur War. That war has not only placed upon us a terrible defence burden which absorbs over a third of our resources. It has also caused a high rise in the cost of our civilian imports, thus causing us problems similar, but more severe, to those experienced by the entire Western world.

All of a sudden we have had to cope with a balance of payments problem of a magnitude that we never experienced before. There was the danger that we would be unable to pay for the oil, the raw materials, and the services we needed. We feared that there would be large numbers of unemployed. True, we have obtained much more aid from abroad, especially from the U.S. Administration. But those who take this for granted live in a fool's paradise. Even we in the Government are never sure what we shall get, when we shall get it and on what conditions.

Our economic advisers told us that there was no alternative to devaluing our currency in order to improve our ability to compete abroad, together with a policy which would lead to domestic consumption. That meant no wage increases except for cost-of-living adjustments—and for the barest unavoidable minimum.

We may have erred in carrying that policy too far too long. We may have been over-optimistic in believing that if we restrain the demand of most of you who listen to me tonight, namely wage and salary earners, the income and profits of those who sell the goods and services we buy will also fall. We may have been wrong to trust that more private profits would automatically bring more investment, more development. We may in some cases even have been exploited by carpet-baggers.

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POSTSCRIPTS

WE MET a friend coming out of a Jerusalem supermarket last Thursday, seething with fury. She had picked up a carton of sweet cream, to find it dated clearly: 6.2. This made it four days past being usable by February 10 and meant it had been on sale for well into the previous week. She picked up another carton—to find that it, too, bore the same date. So did all the others on display.

Our friend is consumer-protection minded, so she went to complain. "No one here can help you, try the milk department room," she was told, when she eventually found a man in the milk section, his only answer was "So don't buy it."

She went back to the management section, where a girl helped her find a fresh carton of cream (dated 16.2.), pushed way under the overhang of the cooler, out of sight, behind all the out-of-date cartons. "What's the point of our milk and dairy goods marketing marking their goods so clearly, when the supermarket does all it can to flog them?" she asked me bitterly. J.Y.

THE DAUGHTER of Ivory Coast President Felix Houphouët-Boigny (with whom Premier Rabin had a brief meeting in Geneva at the beginning of the month) could sing Hebrew songs when she was six years old.

This story was revealed last week by Ruth Allav, well-known for her book "The Last Escape" which told the story of her work with Hagana to rescue Jewish refugees from Hitler's Europe.

In 1962, the Ivory Coast President had been invited with his family on a state visit to Israel and Miss Allav had been assigned as an escort to his party. They sailed from Marseilles to Haifa aboard the Zim liner "Jerusalem" and Ruth Allav recalls the many questions Houphouët-Boigny asked about agriculture and the kibbutzim.

One day during the voyage, President Houphouët-Boigny's little daughter, then aged six, asked Ruth Allav to teach her some Hebrew songs because she was planning a surprise. On the night before the boat docked in Haifa, the little girl climbed on to the captain's table after dinner and sang "Hatikva" and "Hava Nagila" in perfect Hebrew. M.G.

POST Economic Editor MEIR MERHAV suggests that if the Prime Minister were to address the nation on the State of the Economy, it might perhaps sound something like this...

Perhaps it is the wage earners who have been made to bear the brunt of the economic sacrifice, with less than commensurate results. We in the Government are not unaware of the fact that the real income of the public sector employees has declined substantially. We know that the wage structure has changed in ways we did not predict. All this has gone beyond what we intended, beyond the policy goals which we declared. We said we would keep wages stable. We did not mean them to fall. If we allowed it, we have done wrong—and shall enter no plea that various pressures could not be resisted.

WE KNOW THAT many of you cannot make ends meet, and therefore will not be mollified by our argument that we have done a great deal to help the really poor. We know, too, that many of you feel they can no longer maintain their dignity as working people. We are also aware that some of you, seeing how certain small groups have obtained exorbitant concessions from the Government, are now persuaded that force is the only means of gaining anything.

I will also not deny that we might have kept up a higher rate of growth in the economy. That would have made it possible, and perhaps even easier, to maintain your living standards and at the same time to export more.

Perhaps we have been too much intimidated by the enormous rise in our foreign debt, the dwindling of our foreign exchange reserves, the awesome insecurity of our overall situation. We may have listened too closely to narrow specialists, however well-meaning and sincere, and also to those who, most persuasively, made us bend our economic policies to their ends. We have continued a process by which the fruits of individual achievement have come to replace the benefits of the common good.

We have closed our eyes to inequities. We have put efficiency above all, even though we fell short of achieving it. We have come to value material achievement without asking how it was secured. We have raised the intermediary above the producer, the manipulator over the creator. We have lost respect for the man with dirty fingernails. We have trusted to the motive of personal gain to provide us with plenty for all.

BUT, FELLOW CITIZENS, let me remind you that all this has not happened in the last three years, and under this Government. We have inherited a society and economy moulded into their present shape by our predecessors. True, we participated in this process and we did not reverse it. I do not ask to be absolved from responsibility. Yet we cannot, with one stroke, do away with distortions, hypocrites and privileges sanctioned by tradition. I am not even sure that we grasp them all. I admit to you that, preoccupied as we were with problems of foreign affairs and defence, we may not have even attempted a beginning.

But even had we been aware of all the changes that need to be made, even had we been ready with solutions—you know that this Government would not have been able to implement any thoroughgoing change.

In that respect, you, dear listeners, bear at least part of the responsibility for you have, for the most part, been content to leave things as they were. We have a Government headed by a party which is itself a coalition, joined by other parties which were also coalitions. Our political system has tied us hand and foot. I myself

have had to preside, and take responsibility, for a cabinet I was not free to choose, to implement policies with which I did not agree.

You may, on May 17, hold me guilty of not rejecting that responsibility. You may say it is no excuse that someone else would have taken on the job had I quit. But I thought—perhaps wrongly, but surely understandably—that the issue of war and peace took priority over the matter of incomes and expenditures. There was also a broader agreement about external affairs in the cabinet I headed. I believe that in 1977, too, the most critical issue is that of war and peace. To deal with it effectively, however, we must put our house in order.

We must urgently find a way to extricate ourselves from our economic dilemmas. We must begin to produce and grow again. We must become more independent of foreign aid. We must create the capability to defend ourselves not only against a foreign enemy, but also against the much more subtle enemy of internal economic breakdown.

OURS IS A SMALL nation of great capability. We have, in one generation, done more than mightier nations with greater resources and fewer difficulties. Although we have a tendency to flagellate ourselves, we have achieved great things. We talk about inefficiency—but the truth is that, given equal conditions, many of our labourers work harder and produce more for much less pay—than their counterparts elsewhere. We accuse ourselves of the loss of values—but our sensitivity to it proves that we have retained more than we believe. We can, if we only will put our mind and effort to it, achieve much more.

We shall have to make sacrifices. The first to make them will have to be wage earners. I know that you will say that this is the way it has always been. But this time we shall ask you for a little more forbearance. We are determined to impose an equal sacrifice on all.

Yes, salaries and wages will be frozen for a time. What we mean by that is that we shall adopt a policy which will keep your standard of living from rising, but we shall also prevent it from falling. Wherever a group of employees comes to us to say: "We have taken a disproportionate loss," we shall redress it. We shall negotiate, and we expect you to talk with us. We shall not go back on any agreement. We shall honour our signatures, and more: we shall honour the spirit of our undertakings.

We shall also prove to you, even within the next four months, that no one will enrich himself at your expense. We shall enforce price controls, and we shall see to it that they are not evaded. We shall tax away, relentlessly, all excess profits, especially those begotten by inflation.

We have just set up a team of ministers whose duty it will be to hammer out working solutions for immediate and more distant problems. They will lead their ears to your justified complaints. There will be no closed doors, nor will there be a certain of functionaries and bureaucrats between you and your Government.

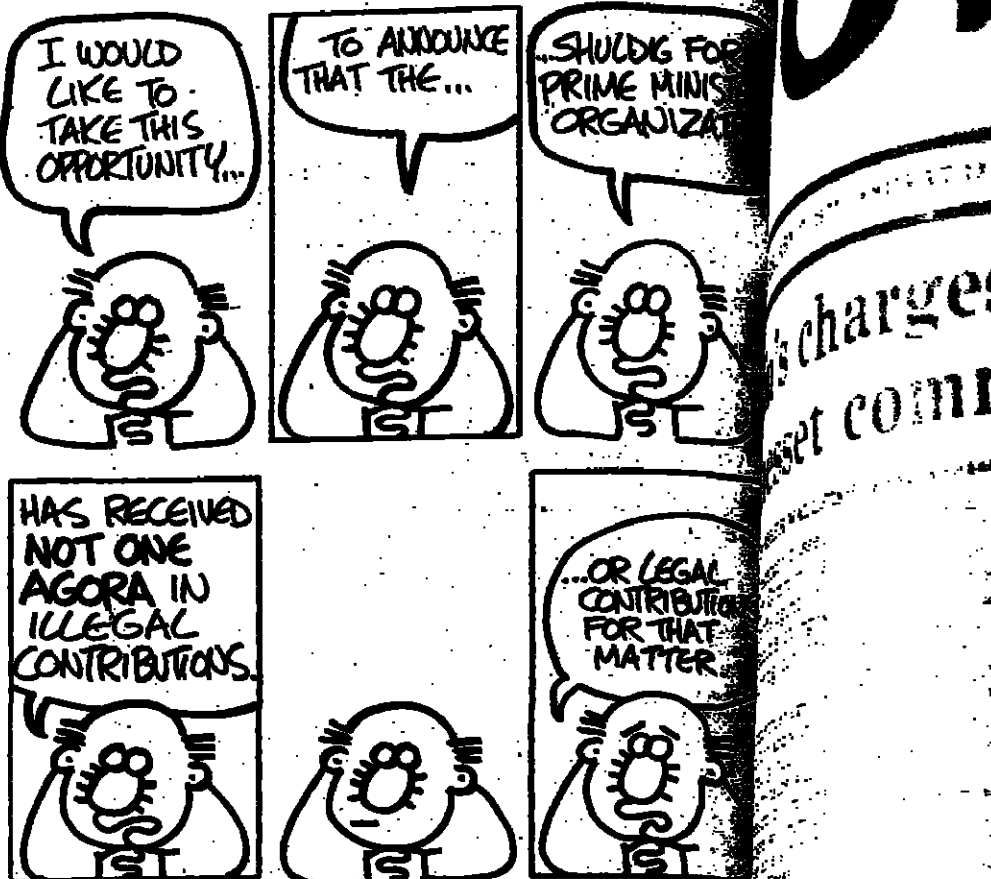
We may have to ask you to wait until you see results. We may not be able to get our economy out of the doldrums in short order. We may even not be able, in the short time left to this Government, to demonstrate that we mean what we say. But we shall try anyway. Earlier, I do not ask you to support me or my party. All I ask you is to help me leave behind, after these difficult three years, the foundations of a new order.

PERHAPS it was just an ironic coincidence. But we prefer to think that whoever it was at Television House who chose to introduce Monday night's "Mabat" newscast with the traditional melody of the prayer "Furify our hearts to serve Thee with truth" was expressing his own feelings about the horrifying

revelations in the Yadin case.

Many viewers must have been robbed of all desire to watch the programme that followed, even though it is one of the best our television offers us, and probably sought refuge from ugly reality in the haze of a tranquillizing pill. F.D.

Dry Bones



READERS' LETTERS

Religion in Jerusalem

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — After publication of an interview with me under the headline, "Religion and the city" (February 7), I realized that some of the things I had said had created the wrong impression concerning the development activities of religious organizations in Jerusalem, and I would therefore like to clarify some points.

The Jerusalem Municipality and its Mayor, Teddy Kolek, usually have a positive approach to the provision of more religious services in the city. Proof of this is the fact that they recently earmarked 80 city plots for religious buildings in the new neighbourhoods.

The growth of the city and the development of new neighbourhoods created serious problems due to the lack of buildings allocated to religious services and it is only natural that, as Chairman of the Religious Council, I should demand that both the Jerusalem Municipality and the Ministry of Religious Affairs make a greater effort to solve these problems. This does imply that no help was given to the Religious Council, even though the Municipality is not responsible for the infrastructure of new neighbourhoods.

I would also like to stress that the Jerusalem foundation has done a great deal to develop the city and, in the past few years, has contributed about 10 million pounds towards important religious buildings outside the framework of the Religious Council. Differences of opinion between me and the Mayor of Jerusalem about donors who would finance the building of mikvaot should not be allowed to detract in any way from the important work done by the Jerusalem Foundation in building synagogues.

Jerusalem is the Holy City and its religious requirements are numerous. The Religious Council, which is in charge of providing the city's religious requirements can only do its job if it gets more help from the Jerusalem Municipality and the Ministry of Religious Affairs, and this was the main point I wanted to make in my interview.

I am aware that the Chief Rabbinate does give kosher certificates to a number of hotels in Jerusalem but we do not approve of this practice.

We are of the opinion that the Chief Rabbinate does not have authority to grant kosher certificates in Jerusalem and the comes under the sole jurisdiction of the local rabbinate.

GEDALIA SCHREIBER

Jerusalem Religious Council

Jerusalem

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In Judy Siegel's book with Gedalia Schreiber, Chairman of the Jerusalem Religious Council (February 7), Mr. Schreiber claims that the Jerusalem Foundation ignored the construction development of synagogues in capital. The facts refute this claim.

Over the years, the Jerusalem Foundation has assisted 25 synagogues with repairs and furnishings, has provided funds to help build 11 synagogues and constructed or rebuilt seven synagogues of its own in Katat Kiryat Hynovot, Bak'a, Bayit Ve Abu Tor and other areas through the city.

Aside from the actual construction of synagogues, the Jerusalem Foundation initiated the restoration of four ancient Sephardi synagogues in the Jewish Quarter of the Old City, and the Sephardi Ashkenazi synagogues in T. Moshe.

The Foundation has also established funds for aid to synagogues yeshivot and has made possible establishment of the Jerusalem campus of Yeshiva Universal Bayit Vegan. Close to IL2,000,000 been spent by the Jerusalem Foundation in executing this project.

As for Mr. Schreiber's claim that the Jerusalem Foundation does not allow the Religious Council to solicit contributions wealthy Jews abroad, Israel's and democratic country and is Schreiber wishes to ask per friends of his for contribution towards synagogues, the Jerusalem Foundation has no wish to, and not possibly, interfere with his.

STEVEN ROSENTHAL

Public Relations Of The Jerusalem Foundation

Jerusalem

MOONLIGHTING ABROAD

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I would like to express my gratitude for the article, "WZO's shalish moonlighting for radio" (January 26). I worked as Mr. Mekel's secretary in the Cincinnati Israel Programmes Office until my resignation on November 5, 1976. Accordingly, I witnessed many of the abuses described in Mr. Siegel's article. After my resignation in protest against Mr. Mekel's conduct in office, I advised the president of the local Federation about the situation.

In an effort to have Mr. Mekel's vision more closely to knowledge, nothing was done.

Mr. Mekel sought out various means of freelance employment during the time I was in the Israel Programmes Office.

Based on my personal observation, it is my opinion that Mr. I is not acting in Israel's best interests, but primarily for his own.

MARJORIE E. ADOL

Cincinnati, Ohio

ENCOUNTER

January 1977 Issue

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- ★ Can Capitalism Survive till 1999? — Andrew Shonfield
- ★ Literary Abuse — Eugene Ionesco

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"EST OR", 190 DIZENGOFF ST., OPEN 9.00-13.00, 16.00-19.00, FRIDAYS 9.00-13.00
104 BEN YEHUDA ST., OPEN 8.00-13.00, 16.00-19.00, FRIDAYS 9.00-13.00

JERUSALEM: 60 KING GEORGE ST., KINGS' HOTEL, OPEN 9.00-13.00, 16.00-19.00, FRIDAYS 9.00-13.00
MITZPE ABUTOR, 5 BEN ROGEI ST., OPEN 8.30-17.30, FRIDAYS 8.30-14.30
HAIFA: 5 NORDAU ST., OPEN 9.00-13.00, 16.00-19.00, FRIDAYS 9.00-16.00
BLATY NEW TOURIST CENTER, OPEN 10.00-13.00, 17.00-21.00, FRIDAYS 10.00-14.00
MGDAL HAEMEK, BEGED OR ST., OPEN 8.00-16.00, FRIDAYS 8.00-14.00

W.A. DEANIN